

STATE OF ILLINOIS Circuit Court of Cook County

HONORABLE TIMOTHY C. EVANS, CHIEF JUDGE

Pretrial Fairness Act (PFA) Weekly Dashboard September 18, 2023 – February 24, 2024

The Pretrial Fairness Act (PFA) Dashboard is a cumulative summary of initial decision points for criminal cases filed in the Circuit Court of Cook County since the Pretrial Fairness Act took effect on September 18, 2023.

Data sources are: administrative data from the Enterprise Justice Case Management System (CMS) maintained by the Clerk of the Circuit Court; Public Safety Assessments; assignments to and weekly caseloads for pretrial supervision, Home Confinement Unit (HCU) – Curfew Program, and the Bischof Program all collected and maintained by Adult Probation's Pretrial Services Unit and the Social Services Department; and publicly available information on the daily jail and Sheriff's electronic monitoring program. Summary data for the dashboard are compiled by staff from the Office of the Chief Judge¹.

Composition of All Criminal Cases Filed Since PFA Effective Date

Table 1 shows the composition of all criminalcases filed since PFA effective date.

- To date, 26,115 criminal cases have been filed and recorded in the Enterprise Justice CMS.
- 42% (11,099) of all filings had a top charge of misdemeanor/other², 21% (5,485) were domestic violence³ cases, and 37% (9,531) were felony cases.
- The first appearance hearing for 59% (15,445) of criminal cases were in District one, 12% (3,008) were in the Domestic Violence Division, and the remaining 29% (7,662) were in Districts two through six.

First Appearance Hearing Location*	Cases Filed	Top Filing Charge					
		Misd./Other		Dom. Violence		Felony	
		Row	Row	Row	Row	Row	Row
		Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
District One	15,445	7,525	49%	1,837	12%	6,083	39%
Domestic Violence Division	3,008	35	1%	2,931	97%	42	1%
District Two	1,061	479	45%	30	3%	552	52%
District Three	1,381	669	48%	79	6%	633	46%
District Four	1,417	743	52%	24	2%	650	46%
District Five	1,545	717	46%	157	10%	671	43%
District Six	2,258	931	41%	427	19%	900	40%
Total	26,115	11,099	42%	5,485	21%	9,531	37%

Table 1. Criminal Cases Filed in the Circuit Court of Cook County Since Pretrial Fairness Act

Effective Date by First Appearance Location and Top Filing Charge: 9/18/23 – 2/24/24

* First appearances on weekends and holiday weekdays are conducted in the Leighton Criminal Courthouse.

¹ Each week, OCJ rebuilds cumulative numbers with the addition of a new week of data. However, all differences in the cumulative data in Table 1 and Figures 1A through 3B from the current week and the prior week will not be due entirely to case activities that occurred in the new week. Lag in data entry will account for a small portion of this difference.

² In most instances, 'other' charges are misdemeanors or less often felonies with insufficient charge information to permit algorithmic classification. Manual classification of these charges is not feasible.

³ Domestic violence cases are identified by a 'DV' case type designation in the case number sequence. Domestic violence cases are criminal actions that involve a relationship defined by the Illinois Domestic Violence Act. Domestic violence cases are Class 1, 2, and 3 felonies through preliminary hearing, class 4 felonies, and misdemeanors.

Decision Point 1: Release by Citation or Held for First Appearance

Figure 1A summarizes release outcomes at the first PFA decision point (decision by law enforcement to release or detain for first appearance hearing) for criminal cases filed since the PFA effective date.

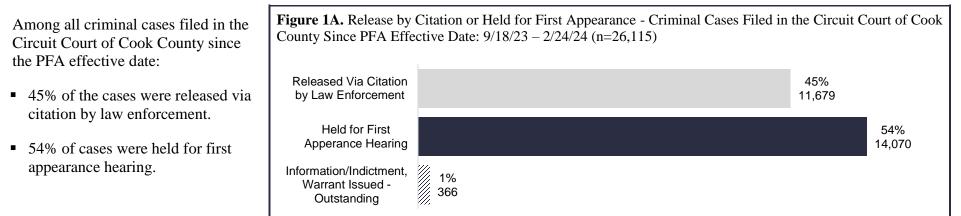
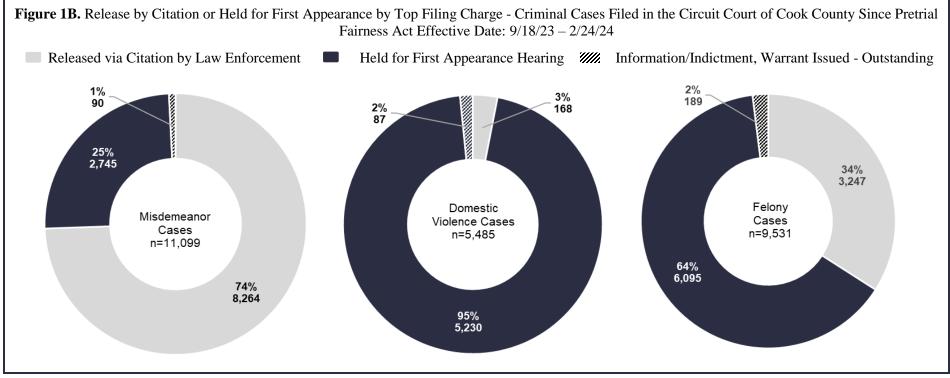


Figure 1B summarizes release outcomes at the first PFA decision point for cases by top filing charge.



Updated as of February 27, 2024

Decision Point 2: Cook County State's Attorney Office (SAO) Decision to File a Petition for Detention at First Appearance

Figure 2A summarizes the frequency with which the Cook County SAO filed a verified petition for detention at the first appearance for defendants who had a custodial arrest since the PFA effective date.

Among all criminal cases filed in the Circuit Court of Cook County and held for first appearance hearing since PFA effective date:

• Four out of five (82%) cases did not have a petition for detention filed by SAO.

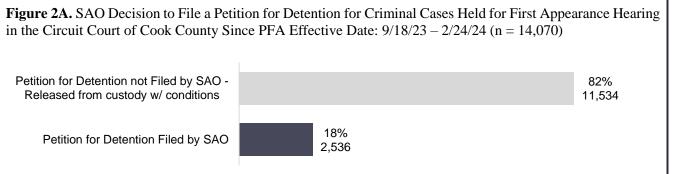
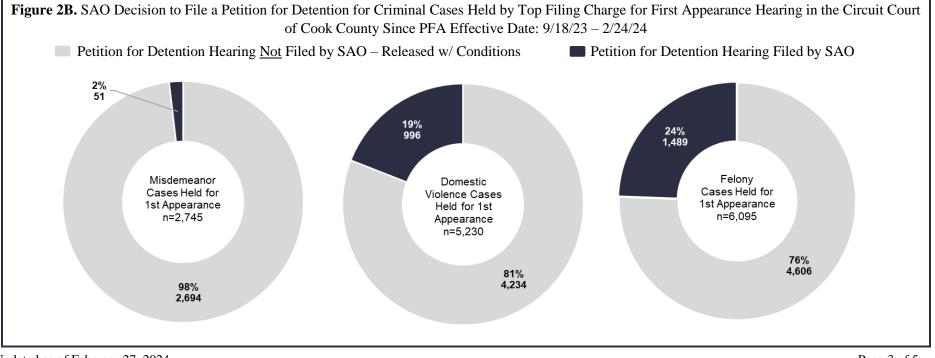


Figure 2B summarizes the frequency with which the Cook County SAO filed a verified petition for detention for defendants who had a custodial arrest since the PFA effective date by top filing charge.



Updated as of February 27, 2024

Decision Point 3: Detention Hearing Outcomes For Petitions for Detention Filed at First Appearance

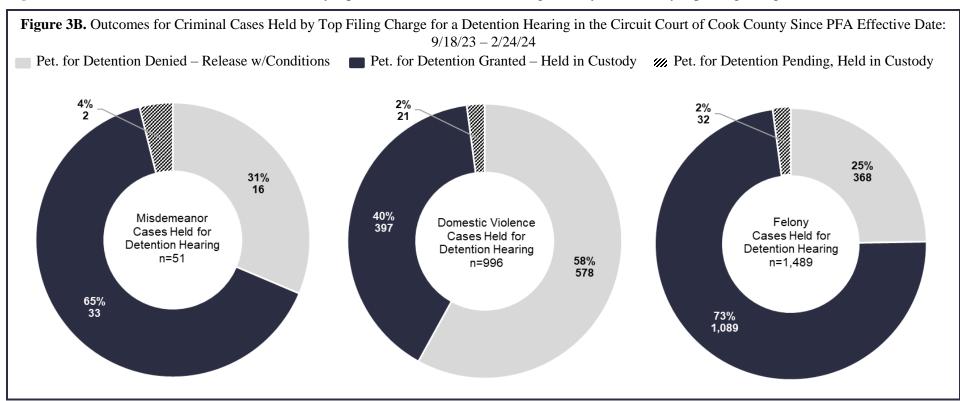
Figure 3A summarizes detention hearing outcomes for cases that had a verified petition for detention filed at the first appearance for defendants who had a custodial arrest since the PFA effective date.

Among all criminal cases for which there was a petition for detention:

• Three out of five detention petitions (60%) filed at first appearance were granted and defendant was held in custody.

	Figure 3A. Outcomes for Crin PFA Effective Date: 9/18/23 –	ninal Cases Held for a Detention Hearing in the Circuit Court of Cook Count $2/24/24$ (n=2,536)	ty Since
s e	Pet. for Detention Denied - Release w/ conditions	38% 962	
	Pet. for Detention Granted - Held in custody		60% 1,519
	Pet. for Detention Pending - Held in custody	2% 55	

Figure 3B summarizes outcomes for cases held by a petition for a detention hearing filed by the SAO by top filing charge.



Pretrial Services Since PFA Effective Date

Pretrial Services in Cook County completes Public Safety Assessments (PSA) and monitors defendants ordered to pretrial supervision, which includes two separate electronic monitoring programs operated by Adult Probation's Home Confinement Unit (HCU) - the Curfew Program and the Bischof Program.⁴

Figure 4 provides a cumulative count of the number of PSAs that have been completed since the PFA effective date. **Table 2** shows the cumulative population dynamics and the percent change in the pretrial population since the PFA effective date.

The overall pretrial services population **increased 11%** from 6,432 on September 17, 2023 to 7,128 on February 24, 2024.

- The supervision only population increased 11%
- The daily HCU Curfew population decreased 19%
- The daily HCU Bischof population increased 7%

Cook County Jail Population Change Since PFA Effective Date

Table 3 provides the percentage change in the population under the custody of the Sheriff since the PFA effective date.

Since PFA effective date, the number of individuals in Sheriff's custody has decreased by 13% from 7,265 on September 17, 2023 to 6,347 on February 24, 2024.

- The jail's daily confined population on the two snapshot days decreased 13% from 5,419 to 4,718.
- The Sheriff's Community Corrections (Electronic Monitoring) population **decreased 12%** from 1,846 to 1,629.

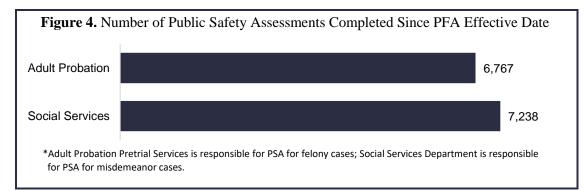


Table 2. Pretrial Services Population Dynamics Since the PFA Effective Date

Pretrial Services Population By Type	Population on 9/17/23	Placed on PT	Exits from PT	Population on 2/24/24	Percent Change
Overall Population	6,432	6,434	5,615	7,251	^ 13%
 Pretrial Supervision Only 	4,514	5,292	4,379	5,427	$^{\uparrow}20\%$
 HCU Curfew Program 	934	402	548	788	↓16%
 HCU Bischof Program 	984	740	688	1,036	^5%

Table 3. Percent Change in the Population Under the Custody of the Sheriff's Office Since the PFA Effective Date

Domulation Turne	Under Custody	Percent	
Population Type	9/17/23	2/24/24	Change
Total Under Sheriff Custody	7,265	6,347	↓13%
 Confined Population 	5,419	4,718	↓13%
 Community Corrections (Sheriff's EM) 	1,846	1,629	↓12%

⁴ The Adult Probation Department's Home Confinement Unit (HCU) operates two separate electronic monitoring programs for two distinct populations, the Curfew program and the Bischof program. Neither system is superior to the other, but they are appropriate for different purposes. The first program uses both Radio frequency ("RF") technology and Global Positioning Systems ("GPS") technology to monitor and enforce curfews that are a condition of bond or a condition of probation. The Bischof program operates under the authority of the Cindy Bischof Law, and is designed to provide a layer of protection for victims of certain domestic violence offenses. This program uses a GPS device attached to the ankle of a defendant to continuously monitor their whereabouts.